



Annual Report

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health


FOR THE

Year ending December 31st, 1905.



HINCKLEY

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ANNUAL REPORT.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE HINCKLEY
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL.

GENTLEMEN,—

I have again the pleasure of placing before you my Annual Report with reference to the Health and Sanitary Condition of the Hinckley Urban District, for the year ending December 31st, 1905.

I will, as it is customary with these reports begin by giving a short summary of the Vital Statistics or Births and Deaths occurring in the district during the year, and I always think it a little more interesting by giving the following preface:—

VITAL STATISTICS.

Area of District	...	...	...	3,729 acres
Rateable Value	...	...	...	£41,000
Population (census 1901)	...	...	...	11,304
Average Population per acre	...	...	...	3.03
No. of Houses inhabited (census 1901)	...	...	...	2,542
Average number per house	...	...	...	4.4
Death Rate, 1905	...	...	...	14.1
Average Death Rate for 6 previous years	...	...	...	15.6
Birth Rate, 1905	...	...	...	31.9
Average Birth Rate for 6 previous years	...	...	...	30.
Infant Death Rate (under 1 year) per	...	...	...
1,000 Births registered	...	...	...	141.6
Average ditto for 6 previous years	...	...	...	156.6

Population

The Population of your District I gather has increased very much during the past year, and this no doubt may be put down to the general improvement of trade all round, especially in the hosiery industry of the town, for I am told that there is not a single factory that is not tenanted. For this reason I have taken the population to be 11,500, and I don't think that this estimate will be far wrong. The number of births during 1905 has been higher than the last 6 years.

A fair number of New Houses have been built during the past year, and have been speedily occupied, and there appears to be still a demand for houses of a rental from 5s. to 6s. per week. It is pleasing to note that the general public are leaving the yard property and living in the more up to date and healthy cottages.

It is also satisfactory to note the fact that the whole of the Old Workhouse Yard will soon have disappeared, and a new locality opened out, the work being entirely due to the efforts of your Council.

If the Council at some near future date could see their way clear to carry out similar improvements in some of the other yards in the town, it would undoubtedly sweep away undesirable property, at present the har-binger of disease, and thereby tend to improve the appearance of localities in the town generally.

Another yard that will soon be blotted out of existence is the Castle Court Yard, for here new premises are being built for the Salvation Army.

Births. The total number of Births registered in 1905 was 367. This is an increase of 41 compared with 1904, and an increase of 13 as compared with 1903. The average number of births for the last six years is 345.5. I give the following table for the last nine years for comparison :—

In 1897 there were 382 births			
„ 1898	„	391	„
„ 1899	„	361	„
„ 1900	„	359	„
„ 1901	„	331	„
„ 1902	„	342	„
„ 1903	„	354	„
„ 1904	„	326	„
„ 1905	„	367	„

Of the 367 Births, 192 were males and 175 females, giving an average birth rate of 31.9 per 1,000, as compared with 29.6 per 1,000 in 1904 and 31.3 per 1,000 in 1903. The average birth rate for the six preceding years being 30 per 1,000.

The following table will show the number of births registered during each quarter of the year:—

1st Quarter,	40	boys,	45	Girls.
2nd ,,	61	,,	45	,,
3rd ,,	46	,,	37	,,
4th ,,	45	,,	48	,,
<hr/>				
	192		175	
<hr/>				
	Total, 367.			

From the above returns it will be seen that the Birth Rate in the Hineckley Urban District for the year 1905, is increasing, and contrary to the figures in the majority of places, which notify a decreasing Birth Rate.

ths.

The total number of deaths registered was 163. This, I am glad to report is better than in 1904, when there were 14 more deaths, and better than 1903, when there were 24 more deaths. The average number of deaths for the six previous years was 178.9. The following table will give you the mortality returns for the past nine years:—

In 1897	there were	179	deaths.
„ 1898	„	226	„
„ 1899	„	193	„
„ 1900	„	192	„
„ 1901	„	164	„
„ 1902	„	160	„
„ 1903	„	187	„
„ 1904	„	177	„
„ 1905	„	163	„

Of these 163 deaths, 88 were males and 75 females, giving an average death rate from all causes of 14.1 per 1,000, and this is inclusive of 15 deaths (six males and nine females), which took place at the Workhouse, and which if deducted would give an average of 12.8 per 1,000. In 1904 the average death rate was 16 per 1,000, and exclusive of the Workhouse, 15.1 per 1,000. The average death rate for the six previous years in your district was 15.6 per 1,000. Ten deaths took place among persons who were non-residents in the district, which leaves the nett deaths at all ages belonging to the Hineckley district 153, giving an average death rate of 13.3 per 1,000. This indeed is a very low death rate, and will compare more than favourably with towns of its size.

The actual number of deaths returned for each month was as follows, and for comparison I give side by side with them the figures for the six previous years:—

	1905	1904	1903	1902	1901	1900	1899
January ...	20	16	27	18	11	22	16
February ...	18	17	16	16	16	24	16
March	15	12	8	13	11	22	13
April	6	13	12	15	15	15	10
May	14	13	14	10	23	11	24
June	8	7	16	9	13	13	13
July	8	9	10	8	12	11	10
August	11	12	10	13	13	19	20
September ...	18	16	16	16	10	20	13
October	10	15	27	11	11	12	14
November ...	23	17	15	18	17	17	14
December ...	12	30	16	13	12	6	36

Totals	163	177	187	160	164	192	199
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The months of November and January of last year, with 23 and 20 deaths, respectively, show the worst returns, though there were no direct reasons for this. The months of April, June and July, with six, eight and eight deaths, respectively, show the least fatal time of the year. For the weeks ending July 22nd, September 30th, October 21st, and December 23rd, there were no deaths registered.

The number of deaths registered under one year of age was 52, giving an infant mortality of 141.6 per 1,000 births registered, as compared with 56, giving an infant mortality of 171.7 per 1,000, births registered in 1904. The average number of deaths under one year of age for the six previous years being 54.8, giving an infant mortality of 156.6 per 1,000 births registered. The following table gives the ages at which death took place:—

Under 1 year of age	52
1 year and under 5 years	16
5 years and under 15 years	6
15 years and under 25 years	7
25 years and under 65 years	38
65 years and upwards	44

Total	163
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The natural increase of population by increase of births over deaths was 204, as against 149 in 1904, and 167 in 1903.

The Zymotic Death Rate was 1.04 per 1,000, as compared with .8 per 1,000 in 1904.

Workhouse.

The number of deaths that took place at this institution was 15, being 5 more than in the year 1904. The oldest death registered was 79, and the youngest 11, giving the average age at which death took place at the House as 65.4, as compared with 62.1 in 1904, and 75.6 in 1903. Of the 15 deaths at the Workhouse, 5 deaths were from outside the Urban District of Hinckley, according to the Registrar's returns.

Seven deaths took place at the Hinckley Cottage Hospital, and of these 4 were persons who did not reside in the district.

Cottage
Hospital.

The Cottage Hospital has again proved of great value to the town and district, and owing to the increased staff in connection with the Nursing Department that is now required for the proper administration of the Hospital itself and the district nurse, it has been found necessary to provide additional accommodation:—These 4 deaths at the Hospital, with the 5 deaths at the Workhouse (from outside the district) as well as one other person who died whilst staying with her relations, have to be subtracted from the total deaths to give the nett deaths belonging to your District as indicated in columns 12 and 13, Table I.

Again I have to make the same remark as to the difficulty of filling column 11, Table 1, of Deaths of Residents registered in Public Institutions beyond the district.

Infectious
Diseases.

During the year 1905 there were 143 cases reported under the Notification Act, as compared with 50 cases in 1904, and 69 cases in 1903. Of those notified, 6 were cases of smallpox, 2 of membranous croup, 49 of erysipelas, 85 of scarlet fever, and 1 of typhoid. The following table gives the notification returns for the past 3 years:

In 1897 there were 114 cases notified			
„ 1898	„	71	„
„ 1899	„	45	„
„ 1890	„	40	„
„ 1901	„	27	„
„ 1902	„	104	„
„ 1903	„	69	„
„ 1904	„	50	„
„ 1905	„	143	„

Chicken Pox has not been notifiable this year.

Small-Pox.

There were 6 cases of Small-Pox notified during the past year, as compared with 2 cases in 1904, and 6 cases in 1903.

The first case was notified on March 22, in Priory Row; the second case on March 24, in Upper Bond Street; the third and fourth cases on April 6 in the same house in Priory Row; and the fifth case on the same date in a house in the Lawus; and the last case on April 13 in Princess Street.

All the cases were removed immediately to the Snareston Small-Pox Isolation Hospital, the bed and bedding made use of by the infected patients were burnt, and the houses thoroughly disinfected two or three times under the supervision of your Inspector, Mr. A. Abbott.

The contacts, as in previous cases, were kept in quarantine for 16 days, and watched from day to day. Vaccination or re-vaccination was performed on the rest of the inmates, and no further outbreak took place. There is no doubt that efficient vaccination or re-vaccination, as the case may be, with complete and early isolation, is the best means to combat this loathsome disease. All patients removed returned home recovered.

Diphtheria.

Under this heading it is my pleasing duty to state that not a single case was notified in 1905, as compared with one case in 1904.

**Membranous
Croup.**

There were 2 cases notified during the past year, as compared with 5 in 1904. One of these proved fatal.

Erysipelas.

There were 49 cases of Erysipelas notified, as against 27 cases in 1904. I have been asked to give reasons for the increased number notified, but these would be unsatisfactory. In some cases, however, insanitary conditions played an important part, but we must fall back on other aetiological factors too numerous to mention to account for the rest. I am happy to say there were no deaths.

Scarlet Fever.

I have to report a large increase in the number of Scarlatina patients notified for the year 1905. There were 85 cases, of which 78 were removed to the Isolation Hospital, the other 7 were kept at home and thoroughly isolated, and made good recoveries without infecting others.

These cases were spread over most of the year, without any special predilection for any special time of the year. Cases have cropped up in all quarters of the town and no School has been attacked more than another. Precaution has been taken in having the school's thoroughly disinfected during the holidays, but in most instances the disease has no doubt been spread by direct contagion.

Enteric Fever.

There was only one case of Typhoid Fever notified during the past year as against 2 cases in 1904. This was **not attributable to the water or milk supply**, and no insanitary condition could be found to account for it.

Measles

As this disease is not notifiable it is quite impossible to give an adequate guess of the number of cases, suffice it to say that as the number of deaths were 9, i.e., three times more than in 1904, the disease must have been very prevalent. Death in most cases was due to chest complications, and all in children under five years of age.

Pertussis.

This cruel and dangerous infectious disease I am pleased to report did not make its appearance into any degree of virulence during the past year. No deaths were recorded.

Influenza.

This disease, like measles, is not notifiable.

As most chills and colds are designated under the name of Influenza. It is difficult to state how many cases proper there might have been during the past year. However, two deaths were registered, as against three in 1904.

Isolation Hospital.

There were 122 cases of Scarlet Fever received into this institution last year, as against 27 in 1904. Of these 78 were sent in from Hineckley Urban District. There were altogether 4 deaths, 2 of these being from Hineckley. The death rate of cases isolated was 3.2 per cent., and having had occasion to visit the Hospital on many occasions, and knowing the severity of the cases that were received, and the numerous complications that followed the disease, I consider the death rate very low indeed. It is pleasing to note that the Joint Hospital Committee have decided to erect a permanent administrative block during the coming year.

Diarrhoea and Enteritis.

There were 4 deaths from Diarrhoea and 7 from Enteritis registered during the past year, as against 2 from these diseases in 1904.

Phthisis.

Consumption, I regret to say, accounted in 1905 for 15 deaths, against 4 deaths in 1904, which works out at one death in every 11 deaths, or 9.1 per cent. I regret that the Council cannot see the benefits that must accrue from Voluntary Notification of this disease, even though it costs them very little compared with the advantages that must result in having all the cases so notified under their supervision. The registrar informs me of all deaths from Consumption, and your Sanitary Inspector, on my notification, sees to the cleansing and disinfecting of all rooms that have been occupied, before or after death, by patients who have suffered from Consumption. There were two deaths due to other forms of Tubercular Disease.

Cancer and Malignant Disease.

There were 4 deaths due to the various forms of Cancer: the same as last year, giving one death out of every 41 deaths that occurred in your district.

Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Pleurisy.

Twenty-one deaths took place from these Chest Diseases, as against 30 in 1904. Thirteen were due to Bronchitis and 8 due to Pneumonia in its various forms. There was no death caused by Pleurisy.

Alcoholism and Cirrhosis of Liver.

There were 2 deaths caused by Cirrhosis of the Liver. None due to Alcoholism, as against one in 1904.

Premature Births

There were 7 early deaths, as against 8 deaths in 1904. This return must find an important position in Table V. in the future.

Heart Disease.

Heart Disease accounted for 10 deaths, the same as in 1904, giving one death out of every 16 of the total mortality.

Water Supply.

This continues excellent, and one might say is in general use all over the town. The quality of the water, except for its hardness, is very satisfactory, no complaints having reached me or your Surveyor. Owing to the increased consumption of water measures are now being taken, I believe, to augment the present supply at Snareston. The increased supply no doubt is due in a great measure to the very large number of pans and privies that have been converted into water closets during the past few years.

One sample of water was taken from a well of Mr. Freeman's, the Lumberland Farm, and analyzed and found to be quite satisfactory.

Sewerage.

The Sewers have been regularly flushed out, no complaints having been received of smells from sewers. Two ventilating shafts have been erected during the past year. A new nine-inch sewer has been laid in Chape

Yard, and has prevented the flooding of cellars and blockages of the house drains, which used to happen after heavy rains.

Sanitary
Conditions.

In respect to the Sanitary Condition of your District, I may state that I have from time to time visited all parts of the town systematically, and must again report very marked progress in many directions. Some of the improvements I have incidentally referred to in my previous remarks. Britannia Yard and Green's Yard have been paved, and at present there are only a few of these yards in the town that require attention. I believe the repairing of Davenport Terrace and Gladstone Terrace is now in hand and not before it was time. This will considerably improve the present state of the roadway.

I have reported on the Clarence Road more than once or twice.

The work of the conversion of privies and pans into w.c.'s is still being continued. During the past year 13 privies and 24 pans have been converted into 46 water closets.

Infectious
Disease.

All cases of Infectious Disease notified to me have been visited, and the necessary instructions and precautions given in regard to isolation in those cases not removed to the Isolation Hospital. Again all houses where Infectious Disease has occurred have been disinfected, and the Council supply disinfectants when required.

Factories,
Workshops,
Workplaces,
Bakehouses,
Home Work

Much of the work in connection with these has been executed in company with your surveyor, Mr. E. H. Crump, as well as Mr. A. Abbott, your inspector. Sixty inspections were made at factories, and 7 written notices sent of defects found, which were remedied. The owners have willingly carried out any suggestions for improvement that have been brought to their notice. At 7 factories insufficient closet accommodation was found, and where privies and pans existed these were converted into water closets. Fifteen inspections were made at workshops, and 70 inspections at homeworkers' premises. The number of bakehouses on the register is still 16 and these have been carefully inspected in reference to ventilation and cleanliness. There are no underground bakehouses. The number of factories on the register at the end of 1905 was 39, and the number of workshops and workplaces 47. Thirteen lists of outworkers have been received, giving the total number of outworkers as 193.

Lodging Houses

We still have but one Lodging House in the town and this I have frequently visited for several reasons. I have found the sanitary requirements very satisfactory. The place is kept very clean, well ventilated, and I have certainly not noticed any undue overcrowding, in fact, the place would do credit to many houses that one has to visit. I append the usual tables with that relating to factories, as well as the new Table V., as required by the Local Government Board, and remain, Gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

ARTHUR. W. JENKINS.

M.B.; B.S.; L.R.C.P.; Lond.

M.R.C.S.; Eng.

Medical Officer of Health.

January, 1906.



TABLE I.

HINCKLEY URBAN DISTRICT.

YEAR.	Population estimated to middle of each year.	Births.		Total Deaths registered in the District.				Total Deaths in the Work-house and Cottage Hos-pital.	Deaths of Non-Resd'ts regtd in the Work-house and Cottage Hos-pital.	Deaths of Resd'ts regtd in Public Institutions beyond the District	Nett deaths at all ages belonging to the district.	
				Under 1 year of age.		At all ages.					No.	Rate per 1000
		No.	Rate per 1000	No.	Rate per 1000 Births reg'd.	No.	Rate per 1000					
1895												
1896												
1897												
1898												
1899	12000	361	30·08	58	160·6	193	16·05	12				
1900	12000	359	29·9	63	175·4	192	16	19				
1901	11300	331	29·2	46	138·9	164	14·5	22				
1902	11300	342	30·26	50	146·1	160	14·15	13				
1903	11300	354	31·3	51	146·8	187	16·5	23	15			
1904	11000	326	29·6	56	171·8	177	16	15	7		170	15·4
Av'rag's for years 1895 to 1904.	11483	345·5	30	54·8	156·6	178·9	15·6	17·3	11		170	15·4
1905	11500	367	31·9	52	141·6	163	14·1	22	10		153	13·3

I.	II.	III.
Institutions within the District receiving sick and infirm persons from outside the District.	Institutions outside the District receiving sick and infirm persons from the District.	Other Institutions, the deaths in which have been distributed among the several localities in the District.
Hinckley Workhouse Infirmary.	Hinckley Isolation Hospital for Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria.	
Hinckley Cottage Hospital.	Snareston Isolation Hospital for Small-pox.	

Area of District in acres (exclusive of area covered by water), 3729 acres Total population at all ages, 11,304, at Census of 1901. Number of inhabited houses, 2542, at Census of 1901. Average number of persons per house, 4·4, at Census of 1901.

TABLE II.

HINCKLEY URBAN DISTRICT.

YEAR.	WHOLE DISTRICT.				UNION WORKHOUSE.				COTTAGE HOSPITAL.			
	Population esti- mated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population esti- mated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.	Population esti- mated to middle of each year.	Births registered.	Deaths at all Ages.	Deaths under 1 year.
1895												
1896												
1897												
1898												
1899	12000	361	193	58	89	3	12		6			
1900	12000	359	192	63	84	5	19		6			
1901	11300	331	164	46	80	2	18		8			
1902	11300	342	160	50	82	2	11		8		4	
1903	11300	354	187	51	79	3	17	1	9		6	
1904	11000	326	177	56	86	2	10	1	10		5	
Av'rag's of years 1895 to 1905	11483	345.5	178.9	54.8	83.3	2.8	14.5	1	7.9		5	
1905	11500	367	163	52	84	3	15	—	10		7	

TABLE III

Cases of Infectious Disease notified in 1905.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.	CASES NOTIFIED IN WHOLE DISTRICT.							NO. OF CASES REMOVED TO HOSPITALS.	
	At all Ages.	At Ages†—Years.						HINCKLEY ISOLATION HOSPITAL.	SNARES- STON HOSPITAL FOR SMALL POX
		Under 1.	1 to 5	5 to 15	15 to 25	25 to 65	65 and Up- wards.		
Small-pox ..	6			3	1	2			6
Cholera									
Diphtheria ..									
Membranous Croup ..	2		1	1					
Erysipelas.. ..	49		2	6	8	29	4		
Scarlet Fever ..	85	1	28	45	7	4		78	
Typhus Fever ..									
Enteric Fever ..	1					1			
Relapsing Fever									
Continued Fever									
Puerperal Fever									
Plague									
.									
Totals	143	1	31	55	16	36	4	78	6

Isolation Hospital, in Barwell Parish, $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles distant from Hinckley.

TABLE IV.

Causes of, and Ages at, Death during 1905.

CAUSES OF DEATH.	Deaths at the subjoined ages of "Residents" whether occurring in or beyond the district.							Deaths at all ages of "Residents" belonging to localities.		Total Deaths whether Residents or Non- Residents in Public Institu- tions.
	All Ages.	Under 1 year.	1 and under 5.	5 and under 15	15 and under 25	25 and under 65	65 and upw'rds	Work- house.	Cottage Hos- pital.	
Small-pox										
Measles	9	5	4							
Scarlet Fever										
Whooping-cough										
Membranous Croup	1		1							
Croup										
Fever { Typhus										
{ Enteric										
{ Other cont'd										
Epidemic Influenza	2				1		1			
Cholera										
Plague										
Diarrhœa	4	4								
Enteritis	7	6	1							
Puerperal Fever										
Erysipelas										
Other septic diseases	1					1		1		1
Phthisis (Pulmonary Tuberculosis)	15		1	1	2	10	1			
Other tubercular diseases	2	1				1			1	1
Cancer, malignant disease	4					2	2			
Bronchitis	13	4	3			3	3	1		1
Pneumonia	8	2	3			1	2			
Pleurisy										
Other diseases of respiratory organs	1				1				1	1
Cirrhosis of liver	2					2				
Venereal diseases										
Premature Birth	7	7								
Diseases & accidents of parturition										
Heart Diseases	10			2	1	3	4	1	1	2
Accidents	3	1					2	2		2
Suicides										
Diabetes	1					1				
All other causes	73	22	3	3	2	14	29	10	4	14
All causes	163	52	16	6	7	38	44	15	7	22

TABLE V.

Infant Mortality during 1905

CAUSE OF DEATH.		Under 1 Week	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	Total under 1 Month.	1-2 Months.	2-3 Months.	3-4 Months.	4-5 Months.	5-6 Months.	6-7 Months.	7-8 Months.	8-9 Months.	9-10 Months.	10-11 Months.	11-12 months.	Total Deaths under One Year.
Common Infectious Diseases	Small-pox																	
	Chicken-pox																	
	Measles											I	I	I	I	I		5
	Scarlet Fever																	
	Diphtheria: Croup																	
Diarrhœal Diseases	Whooping Cough																	
	Diarrhœa, all forms						1			I								2
	Enteritis (<i>not Tuberculous</i>) ..								3		2	I						6
Wasting Disease.	Gastritis, Gastro-intestinal Catarrh			I		I				I								2
	Premature Birth	7				7												7
	Congenital Defects		I			I												I
	Injury at Birth	I				I												I
	Want of Breast-milk																	
Tuberculous Disease.	Atrophy, Debility, Marasmus	I	2			3	I	3	I	I				I	I	2		13
	Tuberculous Meningitis ..																	
	Tuberculous Peritonitis Tabes Mesenterica																	
	Other Tuberculous Diseases												I					I
	Erysipelas																	
	Syphilis																	
	Rickets																	
	Meningitis (<i>not Tuberculous</i>)																	
	Convulsions						I	I		I		I			I			5
	Bronchitis										2	I			I			4
	Laryngitis																	
	Pneumonia									I		I						2
	Suffocation, overlaying	I				I												I
	Other Causes			1		I					I							2
	Total	10	1	4		15	3	4	4	5	6	6	2	3	4			52

Factories, Workshops, Laundries, Workplaces, and Homework.

1.—Inspection.

Including Inspection made by Sanitary Inspectors or Inspectors of Nuisances.

Premises.	Number of		
	Inspections.	Written Notices.	Prosecutions.
Factories (Including Factory Laundries)	60	7*	Nil
Workshops (Including Workshop Laundries)	15		..
Workplaces .. .. .			..
Homeworkers' Premises	70		..
Total	145	7	

NOTE.—When any matters require attention the owners are first seen before written notice is served, and in most cases the requirements are immediately carried out.

2.—Defects found.

Particulars.	Number of Defects.			No. of Prosecutions
	Found.	Remedied.	Referr'd to H.M. Inspector.	
<i>Nuisances under the Public Health Act :—</i>				
Want of cleanliness		7		
Want of ventilation				
Overcrowding				
Want of drainage of floors				
Other nuisances				
Sanitary Accommodation	insufficient unsuitable or defective.. not separate for sexes ..			
<i>Offences under the Factory and Workshop Act :—</i>				
Illegal occupation of underground bake-house (S. 101)				
Breach of special sanitary requirements for bakehouses (SS. 97 to 100)				
Failure as regards lists of outworkers (S. 107)				
Giving out work to be done in premises which are	unwholesome.. (S. 108) infected (S. 110)			
Allowing wearing apparel to be made in premises infected by scarlet fever or small-pox (S. 109)				
Other offences				
Total	7	7		

3.—Other Matters.

Class.						Number.	
Matters notified to H.M. Inspectors of Factories :—							
Failure to affix Abstract of the Factory and Workshop Act (S. 133).							
Action taken in matters referred by H.M. Inspectors as remediable under the Public Health Acts, but not under the Factory Act (S. 5).							
						Notified by H.M. Inspectors	
						Reports (of action taken) sent to H.M. Inspectors	
Other							
Underground Bakehouses (S. 101) :—						None.	
Certificates granted during the year .. .. .						..
In use at the end of the year .. .. .						..
Homework :—						Number of	
<i>Lists of Outworkers</i> (S. 107) :—						Lists.	Outworkers.
Lists received						13	193
Addresses of outworkers { forwarded to other Authorities .. received from other Authorities ..						6	
<i>Homework in unwholesome or infected premises</i> :—						Wearing Apparel ;	Other.
Notices prohibiting homework in unwholesome premises (S. 108)							
Cases of infectious disease notified in homemaker's premises							
Orders prohibiting homework in infected premises (S. 110)							
Workshops on the Register (S. 131) at the end of the year ..							
<div> <div>Important classes of workshops, such as workshop bakehouses, may be enumerated here.</div> <div> <div>Factories—36</div> <div>Workshops and Workplaces—47.</div> <div>Bakehouses—16</div> </div> </div>							
Total number of workshops on Register						99	

